THE SUPREME COURT OF MINNESOTA

STATE COURT ADMINISTRATION 120 MINNESOTA JUDICIAL CENTER 25 CONSTITUTION AVENUE SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA 55155 612-287-7587 JULIE M. DUCKSTAD STAFF ATTORNEY TELEPHONE: 612-297-7588 FAX: 612-296-6609 E-MAIL: julie.duckstad@courts.state.mn.us

Fred Grittner Clerk of Appellate Courts 25 Constitutional Avenue 305 Minnesota Judicial Center St. Paul, MN 55155

OFFICE OF APPELLATE COURTS

HEB 2 3 1999

February 23, 1999

FILED

Dear Mr. Grittner,

On behalf of the Hon. Casey Christian, Chair of the Civil Commitment Rules Committee and all other Civil Commitment Rules Committee Members, I am forwarding to you an original and thirteen copies of the Proposed Rules for Civil Commitment for filing. For your convenience, I have also enclosed an electronic version of the Proposed Civil Commitment Rules. Let me know if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Julie purkstach

Julie Duckstad State Court Administration

STATE OF MINNESOTA

IN SUPREME COURT

C4-94-1646

In re Special Rules of Procedure Governing Procedures under the Minnesota Commitment Act

Recommendations of the Minnesota Supreme Court

Civil Commitment Rules Committee

Final Report

February 23, 1999



Hon. Casey J. Christian, Owatonna, Chair

FEB 2 3 1999



Janice Allen, Anoka Hon. James Finley, St. Paul Melanie Ford, Duluth Beverly Jones Heydinger, Minneapolis Bonnie Lee, St. Paul Colleen Brady, Minneapolis Steven Kufus, St. Paul Hon. Herbert Lefler, Minneapolis Carolyn Peterson, Minneapolis Pat Siebert, Minneapolis Thomas Bennett Wilson, III, Edina

<u>CIVIL COMMITMENT RULES COMMITTEE</u> Summary of Committee Recommendations

The Civil Commitment Rules Committee was appointed by the Supreme Court in October, 1997, and directed to make changes to the Special Rules of Procedure to reflect the changes in the Minnesota Commitment Act.

The Committee has drafted the rules of procedure to afford sufficient due process and to assure that necessary treatment is not unduly delayed. The Committee's proposal attempts to balance the rights of the patient and the need for swift action in Commitment proceedings. These rules are intended as a complete recodification of the existing rules, which should be repealed upon the enactment of the committee's proposed rules.

Effective Date

The committee is submitting the rules to the court in February with the expectation that the court make them effective, after any necessary public hearing or notice and comment period, on either July 1, 1999, or January 1, 2000. The committee does not believe these amendments require significant "lead time" between adoption and effective date.

Areas of Special Concern

There are two proposed rules which the committee believes should be called to your attention.

The first concern is Proposed Rule #4 dealing with consecutive hold orders. The comment explains the concern.

The second concern is Proposed Rule #13 entitled Medical Records. The Statute provides that certain designated persons are entitled to review "relevant" and/or "pertinent" medical records of the Respondent. The only person in the loop who can

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determine relevancy is the Court. The time frames make court review impossible. The rule has been drafted to provide the designated person with access to all medical records subject to a protective provision that the records may not be disclosed to third persons unless the Respondent consents or by Court order.

A sub-committee consisting of Referee James Finley, Ramsey County; Thomas Wilson, Wilson Law Office, Edina; Janice Allen, Anoka County and myself will be available to meet with you and answer questions as they arise.

Respectively submitted,

Casey J/ Christian, Chairperson MINNESOTA SUPREME COURT CIVIL COMMITMENT RULES COMMITTEE

SPECIAL RULES OF PROCEDURE GOVERNING PROCEEDINGS UNDER THE MINNESOTA COMMITMENT AND TREATMENT ACT

1		RULE 1 - GENERAL
2 3	(a)	Scope. The Special Rules shall apply in proceedings under the 1997 Minnesota
4		Commitment and Treatment Act, Minnesota Statutes Ch. 253B and its
5		amendments.
6	(b)	Rules Superseded. The Special Rules shall supersede any other body of rules
7		otherwise applicable (e.g., the Rules of Civil Procedure for the District Courts,
8		Probate Court Rules, etc.) in conflict with these Special Rules.
9	(c)	Citation. These Special Rules may be cited as Commitment and Treatment Act
10		Rules.
11 12 13 14		Advisory Comment 1999 The Act, as codified under Minnesota Statutes Ch. 253B, is detailed and the practitioner must be familiar with both the Act and these rules.
15		RULE 2 – COMPUTATION OF TIME
16	Excep	ot as provided by these Special Rules, the Minnesota Rules of Civil Procedure
17	govern the co	omputation of any time periods prescribed by Minnesota Statutes Ch. 253B. If a
18	respondent is	represented by an attorney, whenever an act is required within a certain time after a
19	written dema	nd or service of a document upon a party or entity other than the court, time shall
20	begin to run o	once both the party and the parties' attorneys have received notice of the document,
21	regardless of	the method of service, and shall not include weekends and holidays. The 72-hour
22	absence that	triggers missing respondent procedures under Minn. Stat. § 253B.141, subd. 1,
23	commences v	when the respondent was due to return to the facility and includes weekends and
24	holidays.	

25	Advisory Committee Comment1999
26	These rules contemplate that service may be effected personally, by mail, or by fax. There are
27	instances in the statute when a notice or a report does not need to be "given" to an attorney. The
28	rule ensures that the attorneys know the basis of any hearing scheduled by the court upon receipt
29	of a filed document. When a party requests a hearing after notice that the treatment center or
30	designated agency intends to take some action (as in the case of revocation of provisional
31	discharge), this rule expands the period of time if the notice was mailed to the attorneys. If the
32	notice was faxed, the time to request the hearing is not expanded.
33	
34 35	RULE 3 – SERVICE
55	KOLE 5 – SERVICE
36	Whenever a person is required to give or serve any document under this chapter to any
37	party, attorney, or entity other than the court, service may be made in any manner allowed under
38	the Minnesota Rules of Civil Procedure. Attorneys for both parties must also be served whether
39	or not service upon counsel is specifically required by statute.
40	Advisory Committee Comment 1999
41	See comment to Rule 11.
42	
43 44	RULE 4 – CONSECUTIVE HOLD ORDERS PROHIBITED
44	KOLE 4 - CONSECUTIVE HOLD OKDERS I KOMBITED
45	A person held under a 72-hour emergency hold must be released by the facility within 72
46	hours unless a court order to hold the person is obtained. A petition for commitment need not
47	have been filed in order to obtain a court-ordered hold. A consecutive hold order not issued by
48	the district court is expressly prohibited, whether or not issued by the same physician or other
49	authority.
50	
51	Advisory Committee Comment 1999
52	Minn. Stat. § 253B.07, subd. 2b, allows for an <i>ex parte</i> application to the court for an
53	apprehension and hold order whether or not a petition for commitment has been filed
54	with the court. The committee recommends that there be very limited use of the <i>ex parte</i>
55	request for judicial hold without a simultaneous filing of a commitment petition. The
56	committee recognizes, however, that due to weather, changes in a respondent's conduct,

57	communication difficulties, or plain error, there may be an occasional situation where the
58	commitment petition cannot be filed during the 72-hour hold and outright release may
59	endanger a respondent's or other person's safety. The respondent retains the right to
60	request release. See Minn. Stat. § 253B.05, subd. 3b.
61	
62	
63	RULE 5 – CASE CAPTIONS
64	Civil commitment proceedings shall be captioned in the name of the person subject to the
65	petition as follows: In the Matter of the Civil Commitment of: (Full Name of Respondent),
66	Respondent.
67	Advisory Committee Comment 1999
68	A person subject to commitment proceedings is referred to as the respondent
69	throughout these rules. The court and counsel shall be sensitive to the correct
70	pronunciation of a respondent's name.
71	
72	RULE 6 - COMMENCEMENT
73	
74	A proceeding for commitment or early intervention is commenced upon filing a petition
75	with the District Court pursuant to Minnesota Statutes Ch. 253B.0123.
76	The petition should be filed in the county of financial responsibility as defined in Minn.
77	Stat. § 253B.045, subd. 2. If the county of financial responsibility refuses to file a petition, the
78	county where the respondent is present must file the petition if statutory conditions for
79	commitment are present. Financial responsibility for the costs of the proceedings and treatment
80	will be resolved by subsequent administrative process.
81	Advisory Committee Comment 1999
82	The committee has attempted to address concerns where conflicts occur between the
83	county of financial responsibility (respondent's residence) and the county where
84 85	respondent is present, regarding who shall file the petitions, and to provide guidance in light of short statutory time constraints. The committee did not intend to remove
85 86	discretion from the county attorney in the county where the respondent is present. If
87	statutory conditions are present for commitment and the county attorney in the county
88 80	where the respondent is present determines that a commitment is necessary and
89 90	reasonable for the protection of the respondent or others, then the petition must be filed. Ultimate financial responsibility will be resolved in accordance with Minn. Stat. §
91	256G.0112.

92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99	See also Minn. Stat. § 253B.07, subd. 2a, when dealing with a person subject to Minn. R. Crim. P. 20.01or 20.02. It is not the intent of the committee to affect venue when the person is subject to a proceeding governed by Minn. R. Crim. P. 20.01or 20.02 or Minn. R. Juv. Del. P. 20.01 or 20.02. A petition for commitment as a sexual psychopathic personality or a sexually dangerous person may also be filed in a county where a related criminal conviction was entered. <i>See</i> Minn. Stat. § 253B.185, subd. 1.
100	RULE 7 – PETITIONS
101	A petition filed pursuant to Minn. R. Crim. P. 20.01 or Minn. R. Juv. Del. P. 20.01 is
102	sufficient if it contains a judicial determination that the defendant is incompetent to stand trial or
103	be sentenced for the offense. A petition filed pursuant to Minn. R. Crim. P. 20.02 or Minn. R.
104	Juv. Del. P. 20.02 is sufficient if it contains a judicial determination that the defendant was found
105	not guilty, by reason of mental illness or mental deficiency, of the crime with which the
106	defendant was charged.
107	Advisory Committee Comment 1999
108	This rule clarifies that petitions pursuant to Minn. R. Crim. P. 20 or Minn. R. Juv. Del.
109	P. 20 need not include all of the specific requirements of the law relating to petitions for
110	judicial commitment, which arise from referrals to the pre-petition screening team. For
111	example, an examiner's statement in support of commitment is not required, since the
112	basis of the petition is a judicial determination.
113	
114	RULE 8 – SUMMONS
115	Once a petition has been filed, the court shall issue a summons to be personally served
116	upon the respondent. The summons shall direct the respondent to appear at the times and places
117	stated in the summons for psychiatric, psychological, and medical examination and court
118	hearing. The summons shall state in bold print that an order to apprehend and hold the
119	respondent may be issued if the respondent does not appear as directed. The court need not issue
120	a summons if the respondent is already under a medical or judicial hold.

121 The court shall direct that a copy of the pre-petition screening report, the petition, and the 122 examiner's supporting statement be personally served upon the respondent with the summons if 123 issued, and that a copy be distributed to the parties' attorneys and any other person identified in 124 Minnesota Statutes Ch. 253B.

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- 126

RULE 9 – APPOINTMENT AND ROLE OF COUNSEL

Immediately upon the filing of a petition for commitment or early intervention the court shall appoint a qualified attorney to represent the respondent at public expense at any subsequent proceeding under this chapter. The attorney shall represent the respondent until the court dismisses the petition or the commitment and discharges the attorney.

131 The respondent may employ private counsel at the respondent's expense. If private 132 counsel is employed, the court shall discharge the appointed attorney.

133 In order to withdraw, counsel must file a motion and obtain the court's approval.

Counsel for the respondent is not required to file an appeal or commence any proceeding under Minnesota Statutes Ch. 253B if, in the opinion of counsel, there is an insufficient basis for proceeding.

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RULE 10 – ATTORNEY-CLIENT PRIVILEGE

139 The content of attorney-client communications by telephone, mail, or conference

140 at the facility, shall not be monitored, censored, or made part of a respondent's medical record.

141 The facility may open and inspect, but not read, a letter or package, and must do so in the 142 respondent's presence.

143

RULE 11 – EXAMINER'S LIST

145	The c	ourt administrator shall prepare and maintain a list of examiners. A statement of the
146	manner and r	rate of compensation of examiners shall be attached to the list. Examiners shall be
147	paid at a rate	of compensation fixed by the court. If a party seeks appointment of an examiner
148	not on the lis	t, or at a rate of compensation exceeding that fixed by the court, the party shall seek
149	approval of th	ne court prior to appointment.
150		
151		RULE 12 – EXAMINER REPORTS
152	Each	court-appointed examiner shall examine the respondent and prepare a separate
153	report stating	the examiner's opinion and the facts upon which the opinion is based. The report
154	shall address:	
155	(a)	Whether the respondent is mentally ill, mentally retarded, chemically dependent,
156		mentally ill and dangerous to the public, a sexually dangerous person, or a sexual
157		psychopathic personality;
158	(b)	Whether the examiner recommends commitment;
159	(c)	The appropriate form, location, and conditions of treatment, including likelihood
160		of the need for treatment with neuroleptic medication;
161	(d)	The respondent's capacity to make decisions about neuroleptic medication, if
162		needed; and
163	(e)	If the petition alleges that the respondent is mentally ill and dangerous to the
164		public, whether there is a substantial likelihood that respondent will engage in
165		acts capable of inflicting serious physical harm on another.

166(f)If the petition alleges that the respondent is a sexual psychopathic personality167and/or a sexually dangerous person, the report shall address each element set out168in Minn. Stat. § 253B.02, subd. 18b and 18c respectively, including an opinion as169to the likelihood that the respondent will engage in future dangerous behavior.

The court shall send a copy of the examiner's report to the petitioner's attorney, the respondent and respondent's attorney immediately upon receiving the report.

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RULE 13 – MEDICAL RECORDS

The county attorney, respondent, respondent's attorney, court-appointed examiner, guardian ad litem, substitute decision-maker, and their agents and experts retained by them shall have access to all of the respondent's medical records and the reports of the court-appointed examiners. The records and reports may not be disclosed to any other person without court authorization or the respondent's signed consent. Except for a preliminary hearing, each party shall disclose to the other party or parties at least 24 hours in advance of the hearing which of the respondent's medical records the party intends to introduce at hearing.

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RULE 14 – LOCATION OF HEARING, RULES OF DECORUM, ALTERNATIVE METHODS OF PRESENTING EVIDENCE

The judge or judicial officer shall assure the decorum and orderliness of any hearing held pursuant to Minnesota Statutes Ch. 253B. The judge or judicial officer shall afford to respondent an opportunity to be dressed in conformity with the dignity of court appearances.

A hearing may be conducted or an attorney for a party, a party, or a witness may appear by telephone, audiovisual, or other electronic means if the party intending to use electronic means notifies the other party or parties at least 24 hours in advance of the hearing and the court

190	approves. If a witness will be testifying electronically, the notice must include the name,
191	address, and telephone number where the witness may be reached in advance of the hearing.
192	This rule does not supersede Minn. Stat. § 595.02- §595.08 (competency and privilege). The
193	court shall insure that the respondent has adequate opportunity to speak privately with counsel.
194	
195	RULE 15 – EVIDENCE
196	The Court shall admit all relevant, reliable evidence, including but not limited to the
197	respondent's medical records, without requiring foundation witnesses.
198	
199	RULE 16 – RIGHTS OF PATIENTS
200	In every order for commitment, the committing court shall order that the Rights of
201	Patients, provided at Minn. Stat. § 253B.03, be incorporated in the order by reference.
202	
203	RULE 17 – PETITION TO DETERMINE NEED FOR CONTINUED CARE
204	Upon the filing of a petition to determine the need for continued care pursuant to Minn.
205	Stat. § 253B.17, the court shall cause the hearing to be held within 14 days of filing. The hearing
206	may be continued for up to 30 days upon showing of good cause. The court shall give the
207	respondent, respondent's attorney, county attorney, guardian ad litem, and substitute decision-
208	maker, as well as such other interested persons as the court may direct, at least 10 days notice of
209	the date and time of the hearing.
210	
211	RULE 18 - RECOMMITMENT

212	For recommitments pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 253B.13, the court shall append the
213	immediately preceding commitment file to the file on the new petition.
214	
215	RULE 19 – TERMINATION OF EARLY INTERVENTION
216	Any petition for involuntary commitment filed at the termination of court-ordered early
217	intervention under Minn. Stat. § 253B.065 shall be treated as an initial commitment petition and
218	not a recommitment.
219	
220	RULE 20 – TERMINATION OF COMMITMENT
221	The court shall order termination of the commitment when the commitment expires, o
222	upon a direct discharge by the treatment facility, or upon a discharge by the Commissioner o
223	Human Services.
	Human Services.
224	The order shall also discharge the court-appointed attorney.
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224 225	The order shall also discharge the court-appointed attorney. Advisory Committee Comment 1999
224 225 226 227 228	The order shall also discharge the court-appointed attorney. Advisory Committee Comment 1999 Minn. Stat. § 253B.12, subd. 1(e), provides for an order terminating the commitment is a 60-90 day report is not timely filed or if the report describes the respondent as not in need of further institutional care and treatment. There is no similar provision for
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 224 225 226 227 228 229 230 231 232 233 234 	The order shall also discharge the court-appointed attorney. Advisory Committee Comment - 1999 Minn. Stat. § 253B.12, subd. 1(e), provides for an order terminating the commitment if a 60-90 day report is not timely filed or if the report describes the respondent as not in need of further institutional care and treatment. There is no similar provision for terminating the commitment if the report required by Minn. Stat. § 253B.16 is not filed or if there is a final discharge under Minn. Stat. § 253B.16 or if a provisional discharge expires under Minn. Stat. § 253B.15, subd. 9. This rule insures a formal termination of the proceeding and discharge of the respondent's court-appointed attorney. RULE 21 – PUBLIC ACCESS TO RECORDS

(b) The court administrator shall create a separate section or file in which the prepetition screening report, court appointed examiner's report, and all medical
records shall be filed. Records in that section or file shall not be disclosed to the
public except by express order of the district court. This provision shall not limit
the parties' ability to mention the contents of the pre-petition screening report,
court appointed examiner's report and medical records in the course of
proceedings under Minnesota Statutes Ch. 253B.

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246 RULE 22 – STAYED ORDERS (MENTALLY ILL AND DANGEROUS TO THE 247 PUBLIC, SEXUALLY DANGEROUS PERSONS, AND SEXUAL 248 PSYCHOPATHIC PERSONALITES)

Stayed orders for commitment as mentally ill and dangerous to the public, sexually dangerous person, or a sexual psychopathic personality may be issued only by agreement of the parties and approval by the court.

252

RULE 23 – EVALUATION AND FINAL HEARINGS IN CASES GOVERNED BY MINN. STAT. § 253B.18 AND MINN. STAT. § 253B.185

(a) For persons who have been committed as mentally ill and dangerous to the public,
sexually dangerous persons, or as sexual psychopathic personalities, the head of
the treatment facility shall file the report required by Minn. Stat. § 253B.18. The
evaluation may be conducted at a secure treatment facility or at a correctional
facility. If transport is needed, the court shall designate the agency responsible to
do it.

(b) Prior to making the final determination with regard to a person initially committed 261 as mentally ill and dangerous to the public, as a sexually dangerous person, or as a 262 sexual psychopathic personality, the court shall hold a hearing. The head of the 263 treatment facility shall file the report required by Minnesota Statute Section 253B, 264 Subd.2. The hearing for final determination shall be held within 14 days of the 265 court's receipt of the report from the head of the treatment facility or within 90 266 days of the date of initial commitment, whichever is earlier, unless continued by 267 agreement of the parties, or by the court for good cause shown. As its final 268 determination, the court may, subject to Minn. R. Crim. P 20.01, subd. 4: 269

- 270 (1) Discharge the respondent's commitment;
- (2) Commit the respondent as mentally ill only, in which case the respondent's
 commitment shall be deemed to have commenced upon the date of initial
 commitment, for purposes of determining the maximum length of the
 determinate commitment; or
- (3) Commit the respondent for an indeterminate period as mentally ill and
 dangerous to the public, as a sexually dangerous person, or as a sexual
 psychopathic personality.
- (c) At the request of respondent, the court shall appoint an examiner of the
 respondent's choice for purposes of the hearing required by this rule.
- (d) The written report of the head of the treatment facility pursuant to Minn. Stat. §
 281 253B.18, subd. 2, shall address the criteria for commitment and whether there has
 282 been any change in the respondent's condition since the commitment hearing. The
 283 report shall provide the following information:

284		(1) the respondent's diagnosis;
285		(2) the respondent's present condition and behavior;
286		(3) the facts, if any, that establish that the respondent continues to satisfy the
287		statutory requirements for commitment;
288		(4) a description of treatment efforts and response to treatment by the respondent
289		during hospitalization;
290		(5) the respondent's prognosis;
291		(6) the respondent's individual treatment plan;
292		(7) an opinion as to whether the respondent is in need of further care and
293		treatment;
294		(8) an opinion as to the program or facility best able to provide further care and
295		treatment, if needed;
296		(9) an opinion as to whether respondent is dangerous to the public or himself.
297		All supportive data and documentation shall be attached to the report.
298	(e)	At the hearing, the court shall consider all competent evidence relevant to the
299		respondent's present need for continued commitment. The burden of proof at the
300		hearing is upon the proponent of indeterminate commitment to establish by clear
301		and convincing evidence that the statutory requirements for commitment under
302		Minnesota Statutes Ch. 253B continue to be met.
303		
304 305 306 307 308		Advisory Committee Comment 1999 This rule is intended to require final resolution of the commitment process of a respondent who is mentally ill and dangerous to the public, a sexually dangerous person, or a sexual psychopathic personality with all due diligence. An initial hearing should not be "reviewed" years later. The rule is not intended to dictate where a committed person should be confirmed. If a commitment is contained upon review and the individual is still
309		should be confined. If a commitment is sustained upon review and the individual is still

310subject to commitment to the Commissioner of Corrections the balance of the sentence is311to be served in a correctional institution.